



OLED SPECIFICATION

Model No:

REX012864GWPP3N00F00

CUSTOMER:

APPROVED BY	
PCB VERSION	
DATE	

FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY

SALES BY	APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	PREPARED BY

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oxdot APPROVAL FOR SPECIFICATIONS AND SAMPLE



1. Revision History

VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	Note
0	2017/07/12		First release
A	2019/09/02		Modify Precautions in
			use of OLED Modules



Contents

- 1.General Specification
- 2. Module Classification Information
- 3.Interface Pin Function
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- 9.Reliability
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- 11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules



1.General Specification

The Features is described as follow:

■ Module dimension: 60.5 × 37.0 × 2.15 mm

■ Active area: 55.01 x 27.49mm

■ Dot Matrix: 128 × 64

Dot size: 0.40 x 0.40 mmDot pitch: 0.43 x 0.43 mm

■ Display Mode : Passive Matrix

■ Duty: 1/64 Duty

Display Color: OLED, White
 Interface: 6800,8080,SPI,I₂C
 Controller IC: SSD1309Z

■ SIZE: 2.42inch



2.Module Coding System

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
R	Е	Х	012864	G	W	Р	Р	3	N	0	0	F	00

1	Brand : Raystar Opt	ronics Inc.		
2	E: OLED			
3	Display Type : C→C	Character, G→Graph	ic , T→TAB ,X→COG	, H→COG (with Frame)
4	Dot Matrix: 128*64	4		
5	Series			
		A: Amber	R : Red	C : Full Color
	Emitting Color	B: Blue	W: White	
6	Emitting Color	G: Green	Y: Yellow	
		S: Sky Blue	X : Dual Color	
7	Polarizer	P: With Polarizer;	N: Without Polarizer	
/	Polarizer	A: Anti-glare Pola	rizer	
8	Display Mode	P: Passive Matrix	; N: Active Matrix	
9	Driver Voltage	3:3.0~3.3V ; 5	5:5.0V	
10	Touch Panel	N: Without touch	panel; T: With touch par	nel
11	Product type	0 : Standard 1 : Daylight Reada 2 : Transparent Ol 3 : Flexible OLED 4 : OLED Lighting	LED (TOLED)	
12	Inspection Grade	0 : Standard 2 : B grade C : Automotive grady Y : Consumer grad		
13	Option	0 : Default ; F : FF	PC ; H:Hot bar ; D:De	emo Kit
14	Serial No.	Serial number(00~	ZZ)	

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3.Interface Pin Function

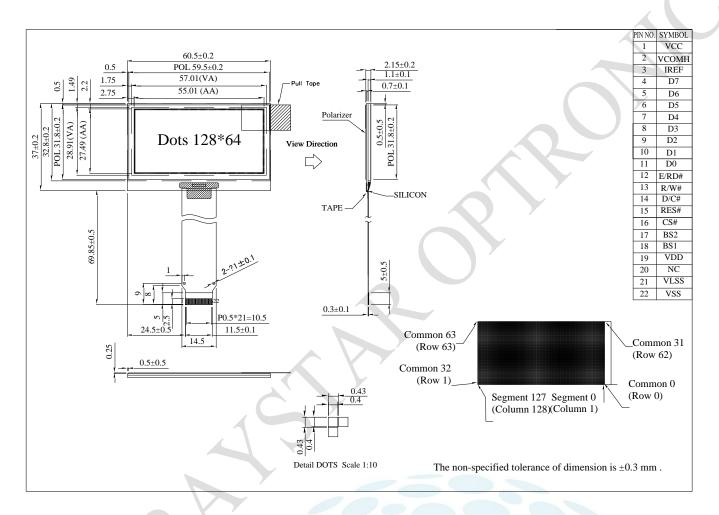
Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	VCC	Power Supply for OEL Panel This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. It must be supplied externally.
2	VCOMH	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM signals. A capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
3	IREF	Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and VSS. Set the current lower than 10µA.
4~11	D7~D0	Host Data Input/Output Bus These pins are 8-bit bi-directional data bus to be connected to the microprocessor's data bus. When serial mode is selected, D1 will be the serial data input SDIN and D0 will be the serial clock input SCLK. When I2C mode is selected, D2 & D1 should be tired together and serve as SDAout & SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input SCL.
12	E/RD#	Read/Write Enable or Read This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled high and the CS# is pulled low. When connecting to an 80XX-microprocessor, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Data read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and CS# is pulled low.
13	R/W#	Read/Write Select or Write This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Pull this pin to "High" for read mode and pull it to "Low" for write mode. When 80XX interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the CS# is pulled low.



		Data/Comma						
		This pin is Data/Command control pin. When the pin is pulled						
				treated as disp				
				~D0 will be tra				
14	D/C#	_		ship to MCU ir	_	ıls, please		
	D/CII	refer to the Timing Characteristics Diagrams.						
		When the pin is pulled high and serial interface mode is select						
				as data. When	-	· ·		
		at SDIN will be transferred to the command register. In I2C mo						
		this pin acts as SA0 for slave address selection.						
4.5		Power Reset for Controller and Driver						
15	RES#	This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is low, initialization						
		the chip is executed.						
40		Chip Select						
16	CS#	-		input. The chip		or		
			•	when CS# is p	ulled low			
47		Communicati	0					
17	BS2	-	re MCU inter	face selection i	input. See the	e following		
		table:						
40			68XX-parallel	80XX-parallel	Serial	I2C		
18	BS1	BS1	0	1	0	1		
		BS2	1	1	0	0		
10		Power Supply						
19	VDD	This is a volta	ige supply pir	n. It must be co	nnected to ex	ternal		
		source.						
20	NC			ction pins are r	eserved for c	ompatible		
	110	and flexible d						
04		Ground of An						
21	VLSS	This is an analog ground pin. It should be connected to VSS						
		externally.	xternally.					
22		Ground of Lo						
22	VSS			acts as a refer	ence for the l	ogic pins. It		
		must be conn	ected to exter	nal ground.				

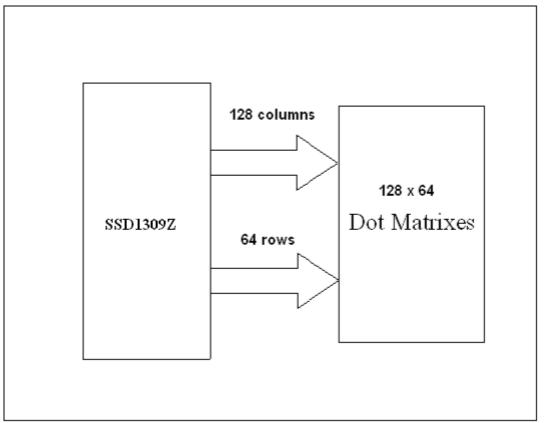


4.Contour Drawing & Block Diagram





FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



^{*}For more information, please refer to Application Note provided by Raystar Optronics.





5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	-0.3	4	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	0	15	V	1, 2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	+80	°C	_
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	+80	°C	-

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6 "Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate

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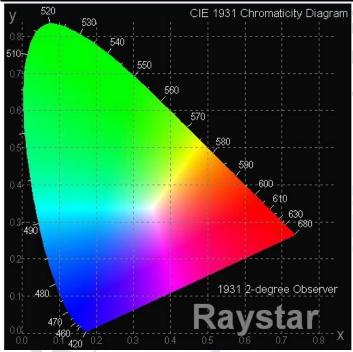
6.Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	_	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	_	12.5	13	13.5	V
High Level Input	VIH	_	0.8×VDD	_	<u> </u>	V
Low Level Input	VIL	_	_	- 4	0.2×VDD	V
High Level Output	VOH	_	0.9×VDD	\times		V
Low Level Output	VOL	_	_	_	0.1×VDD	V
50% Check Board operatir Current	ng	VCC =13.0V	20	22	24	mA



7. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V)θ	_	160	_	_	deg
view / trigic	(Η)φ	_	160	_	- , , ,	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1	-		
Response Time	T rise	_	_	10		μs
response rime	T fall	_	-	10		μs
Display with 50% check E	Board Brightness		70	90	_	cd/m2
CIEx(White)		(CIE1931)	0.26	0.28	0.30	_
CIEy(White)		(CIE1931)	0.30	0.32	0.34	_







8.OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value	20,000 Hrs	-	Note

Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.





9.Reliability

Content of Reliability Test

Environmenta	Il Test		
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80℃ 240hrs	(
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40℃ 240hrs	4
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	80℃ 240hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40℃ 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60℃,90%RH 240hrs	
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle. -40°C	-40°C/80°C 100 cycles	
Mechanical Te	st		
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	Frequency:10~55Hz amplitude:1.5mm Time:0.5hrs/axis Test axis:X,Y,Z	
Others			
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the terminal.	VS=±600V(contact), ±800v(air), RS=330Ω CS=150pF 10 times	0

^{***} Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$





Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

Evaluation criteria

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

APPENDIX:

RESIDUE IMAGE

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.



10.Inspection specification

NO	Item	Criterion				AQL
01	Electrical Testing	1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character, dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications. 1.6 OLED viewing angle defect. 1.7 Mixed product types. 1.8 Contrast defect.		0.65		
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	2.1 White and black spots of three white or black spots of 2.2 Densely spaced: No modern amm.		present.		2.5
03	OLED black spots, white spots, contamina tion (non-displ ay)	3.1 Round type: following drawing Φ=(x+y)/2		SIZE $\Phi \le 0.10$ $0.10 < \Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.25$ $0.25 < \Phi$	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 2	2.5
		3.2 Line type : (A	s followin	g drawing)		
		→ L W	Length L≦3.0 L≦2.5	$\begin{tabular}{lll} Width & & & & \\ W \le 0.02 & & & \\ 0.02 < W \le 0.03 & & \\ 0.03 < W \le 0.05 & & \\ 0.05 < W & & \\ \end{tabular}$	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 2 As round type	2.5
04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are vis judge using black specifications, no to find, must che- specify direction.	k spot ot easy ck in	Size Φ $\Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.50$ $0.50 < \Phi \le 1.00$ $1.00 < \Phi$ Total Q TY	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 3 2 0 3	2.5



NO	Item	Criterion			AQL
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED black spots, white spots, contamination			
		k: Seal width t: Gland: L: Electrode pad length:		Chip thickness OLED side length	
		6.1 General glass chip :6.1.1 Chip on panel surfa	ace and crack betv	veen panels:	
			y k X		
		z: Chip thickness y:	Chip width	x: Chip length	
	.	1	ot over viewing	x≦1/8a	
06	Chipped glass	are			2.5
		$1/2t < z \le 2t$ No	ot exceed 1/3k	x≦1/8a	
		⊙ If there are 2 or more of 6.1.2 Corner crack:	chips, x is total len	gth of each chip.	
		z: Chip thickness y:	Chip width	x: Chip length	
	4	Z≦1/2t No are	ot over viewing ea	x≦1/8a	
		1/2t < z ≤ 2t No	ot exceed 1/3k	x≦1/8a	
	⊙ If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each chip.				



NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
		Symbols:	
		x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness	
		k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length	
		L: Electrode pad length	
		6.2 Protrusion over terminal:	
		6.2.1 Chip on electrode pad :	
		¥	
		The state of the s	
		A STATE OF THE STA	
		y: Chip width x: Chip length z: Chip thickness	
		$y \le 0.5$ mm $x \le 1/8$ a $0 < z \le t$	
		6.2.2 Non-conductive portion:	
		0.2.2 Non conductive portion.	
06	Glass	* NAME OF THE PARTY OF THE PART	2.5
00	crack	1	2.3
		X	
		y: Chip width x: Chip length z: Chip	
		thickness	
		$y \le L$ $x \le 1/8a$ $0 < z \le t$	
		⊙If the chipped area touches the ITO terminal, over 2/3 of the ITO	
		must remain and be inspected according to electrode terminal	
		specifications.	23
		⊙ If the product will be heat sealed by the customer, the alignment	
		mark not be damaged.	
		6.2.3 Substrate protuberance and internal crack.	
		y: width x: length	
		y ≤ 1/3L	
		У	
			960



NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5
08	Backlight elements	 8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards. 8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong. 	0.65 2.5 0.65
09	Bezel	9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.	2.5 0.65
10	PCB、COB	 10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination. 10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC. 10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram. 10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places. 10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals. 10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts. 10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart. 10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down. 	2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5
11	Soldering	 11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB. 11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle. 11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB. 11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB. 	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65



NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
NO 12	General appearance	 12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product. 12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits. 12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever. 12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color. 12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened. 12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet. 12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins. 12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on 	AQL 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.65
		packaging specification sheet. 12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet.	0.05



Check Item	Classification	Criteria			
No Display	Major				
Missing Line	Major				
Pixel Short	Major				
Darker Short	Major				
Wrong Display	Major				
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal B Dark Fixel C Light Fixel			



11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

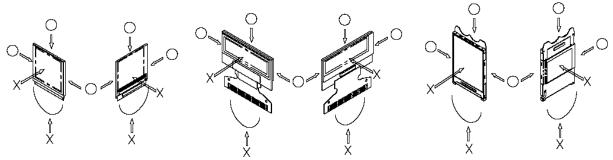
- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, change the components or modify its shape of OLED display module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (5) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (6) Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (7) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (8) Hot-Bar FPC soldering condition: 280~350C, less than 5 seconds.
- (9) Raystar has the right to change the passive components (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.) and change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Raystar have the right to modify the version.)
- (10) Raystar has the right to upgrade or modify the product function.

11.1. Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such as dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged. So, be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage by using following adhesion tape.
 - * Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent
 - Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.
 - Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:
 - * Water
 - * Ketone
 - * Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (7) Do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.
 - * Pins and electrodes
 - * Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC
- (8) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the



System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- (9) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
 - * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
 - * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
 - * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
 - * Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.

11.2. Storage Precautions

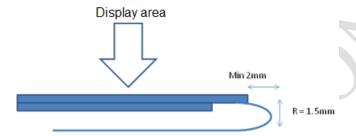
- (1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags to avoid be directly exposed to sun or lights of fluorescent lamps. (We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Raystar. At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags.)
- (2) When the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high temperature or high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded if electric current is applied. Please store it in clean environment.

11.3. Designing Precautions

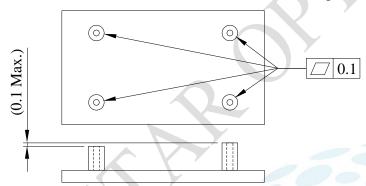
- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, OLED display module may be damaged.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specification and to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD / VCC). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the nearby devices.
- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- (6) If the power supplied to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.
 - * Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.



- (7) If this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur and semiconductor elements may change their characteristics.
- (8) The internal status may be changed, if excessive external noise enters into the module. Therefore, it is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect module from influences of noise on the system design.
- (9) We recommend you to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.
- (10) It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use the same image for long time in real application. When an OLED display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern, an afterimage or slight contrast deviation may occur.
- (11) The limitation of FPC and Film bending.



(12) The module should be fixed balanced into the housing, or the module may be twisted.



11.4. Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

(1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.





Page: 1

Module Sample Estimate Feedback Sheet			
Module Number :			
1 · Panel Specification :			
1. Panel Type:	□ Pass	□NG ,	
2. Numbers of Pixel:	□ Pass	□NG ,	
3. View Area:	□ Pass	□NG ,	
4. Active Area:	□ Pass	□NG ,	
5.Emitting Color:	□ Pass	□NG ,	
6.Uniformity:	□Pass	□NG ,	
7.Operating	□ Pass	□NG ,	
Temperature :		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
8.Storage Temperature:	□ Pass	□NG ,	
9.Others:	1		
2 · Mechanical Specificati	on:		
1. PCB Size :	□Pass	□NG ,	
2.Frame Size :	□Pass	□NG ,	
3.Materal of Frame:	□Pass	□NG ,	
4.Connector Position:	□Pass	□NG ,	
5.Fix Hole Position:	□Pass	□NG ,	
6. Thickness of PCB:	□Pass	□NG ,	
7. Height of Frame to	□Pass	□NG ,	
PCB:	Y		
8.Height of Module:	□Pass	□NG ,	
9.Others:	□Pass	□NG ,	
3 · Relative Hole Size :			
1.Pitch of Connector:	□Pass	□NG ,	
2.Hole size of	□Pass	□NG ,	
Connector:			
3.Mounting Hole size:	□Pass	□NG ,	
4.Mounting Hole Type:	□Pass	□NG ,	
5.Others:	□Pass	□NG .	

>> Go to page 2 <<



		Page: 2
Module Number :		
4 · Electronic Characteristi		
1.Input Voltage:	□Pass	□NG ,
2.Supply Current:	□Pass	□NG ,
3.Driving Voltage for OLED:	□Pass	□NG ,
4.Contrast for OLED:	□Pass	□NG ,
5.Negative Voltage Output:	□Pass	□NG ,
6.Interface Function:	□Pass	□NG ,
7.ESD test:	□Pass	□NG ,
8.Others:	□Pass	□NG ,
5 · Summary :	<u> </u>	
Sales signature :		
Customer Signature		