

# Shenzhen Leadtek Electronics Co.,Ltd

## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

### TFT-LCD MODULE

**Module No:** LTK070WV50CYW-02KC-V0

☒ Preliminary Specification

☐ Approval Specification

Designed by	Checked by	Approved by
		

#### Final Approval by Customer

Approved by	Comment

※The specification of "TBD" should refer to the measured value of sample . If there is difference between the design specification and measured value, we naturally shall negotiate and agree to solution with customer.

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## Revision History

[illegible]

## 1.0 General Description

### 1.1 Introduction

LEADTEK Display model LTK070WV50CCYW-02KC is a color active matrix thin film transistor (TFT) liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching device. This model is composed of a TFT LCD panel and a driving circuit. This TFT LCD has a 7.0 (16:9) inch diagonally measured active display area with (1024 horizontal by 600 vertical pixel) resolution.

### 1.2. Features

7 (16:9 diagonal) inch configuration

Compatible with NTSC & PAL system

Image Reversion: UP/DOWN and LEFT/RIGHT

ROHS design

### 1.3. General information

Item	Specification	Unit
Outline Dimension(LCM+CTP)	180 (H) x 119 (V) x 7.44(D)	mm
Display area	154.08 (H) x 85.92 (V)	mm
Number of Pixel	800RGB (H) x 480 (V)	pixels
Pixel pitch	0.1926 (H) x 0.1790 (V)s	mm
Pixel arrangement	RGB Vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally white	
Color Filter Array	RGB vertical stripes	
Backlight	White LED	
Weight	TBD	g

## 2.0 Absolute Maximum Ratings

### 2.1 Electrical Absolute Rating

#### 2.1.1 TFT LCD Module

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power supply voltage	DV <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	5	V	GND=0
	AV <sub>DD</sub>	6.5	13.5	V	GND=0
	VGH	-0.3	40	V	GND=0
	VGL	-20	0.3	V	GND=0

Note (1) Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Rating" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of this device at indicated in the operational sections(6.1) of this specification.

### 2.2 Environment Absolute Rating

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Operating Temperature	Topa	-10	60	°C	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-20	70	°C	

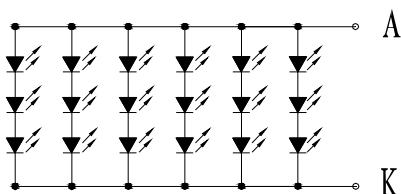
### 2.3 Back-light Unit:

PARAMETER	Sym.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition	Note
LED Current	IF	—	120	—	mA	—	—
LED Voltage	VF	9.0	9.6	10.2	V	I=120mA	—
Luminance (on the module)	LV	180	200	-	cd/m2	I=120mA	—
Life Time		—	20000	—	Hr.	I=120mA	—
Color	White						

Note (1) Permanent damage may occur to the LCD module if beyond this specification. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions described under normal operating conditions.

(2)Ta=25±2°C

(3)Test condition: LED Current 120mA



LED 电路图 3串\*6并=18 LED

## 3.0 Optical Characteristics

### 3.1 Optical specification

Table 6: Optical specifications

Items		Symbol	Condition	Specifications			Unit	Note
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Contrast Ratio		CR		400	500	-	-	
Response Time		T <sub>R</sub> +T <sub>F</sub>			25	50	ms	
Chromaticity	Red	X <sub>R</sub>		-	-	-	-	
		Y <sub>R</sub>		-	-	-	-	
	Green	X <sub>G</sub>		-	-	-	-	
		Y <sub>G</sub>		-	-	-	-	
	Blue	X <sub>B</sub>		-	-	-	-	
		Y <sub>B</sub>		-	-	-	-	
	White	X <sub>W</sub>		0.26	0.31	0.36	-	
		Y <sub>W</sub>		0.28	0.33	0.38	-	
Viewing angle	Hor.	Φ1(3 o'clock)	Center CR≥10	60	70	deg.		
		Φ2(9 o'clock)		60	70			
	Ver.	θ2(12 o'clock)		40	50			
		θ1(6 o'clock)		60	70			
NTSC ratio				-		%		

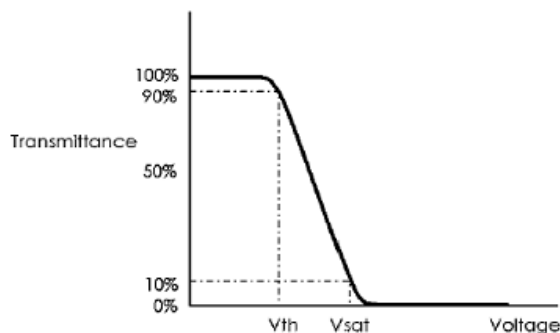
### 3.2 Measuring Condition

- Measuring surrounding : dark room
- Ambient temperature :  $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$
- 30min. warm-up time.

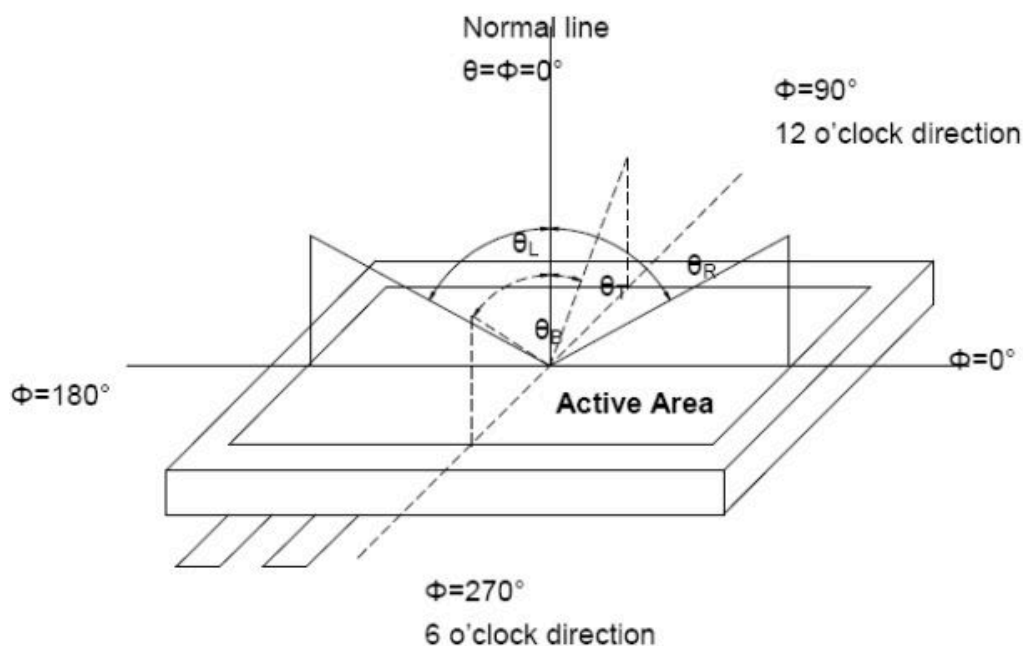
### 3.3 Measuring Equipment

- TOPCON BM-7
- Measuring spot size : field  $2^\circ$

### Note (1) Definition of $V_{sat}$ and $V_{th}$ (at 20°C)

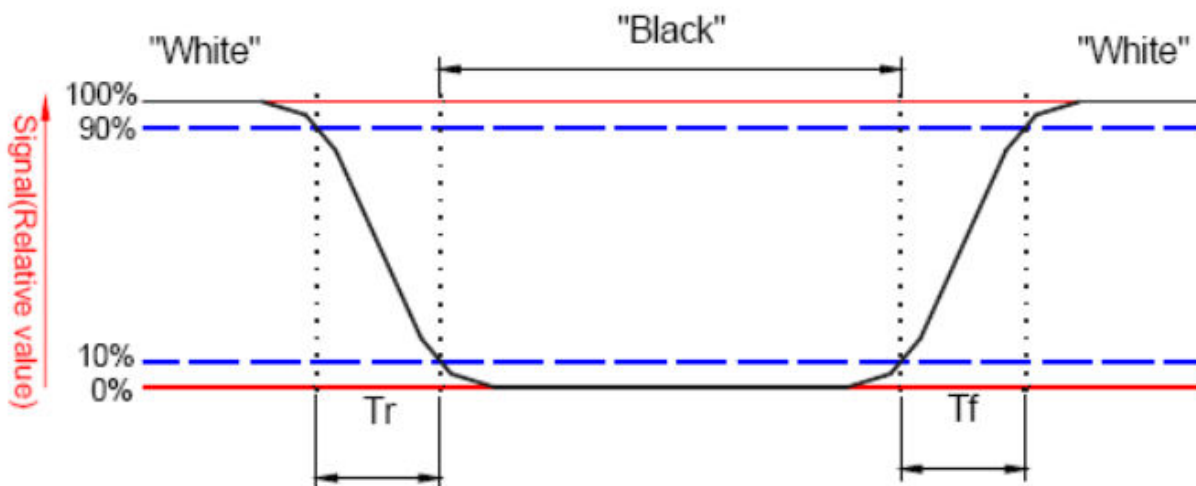


### Note (2) Definition of Viewing Angle :



### Note 3: Definition of response time:

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time ( $T_{ON}$ ) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time ( $T_{OFF}$ ) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.



#### Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio:

Contrast ratio is calculated by the following formula.

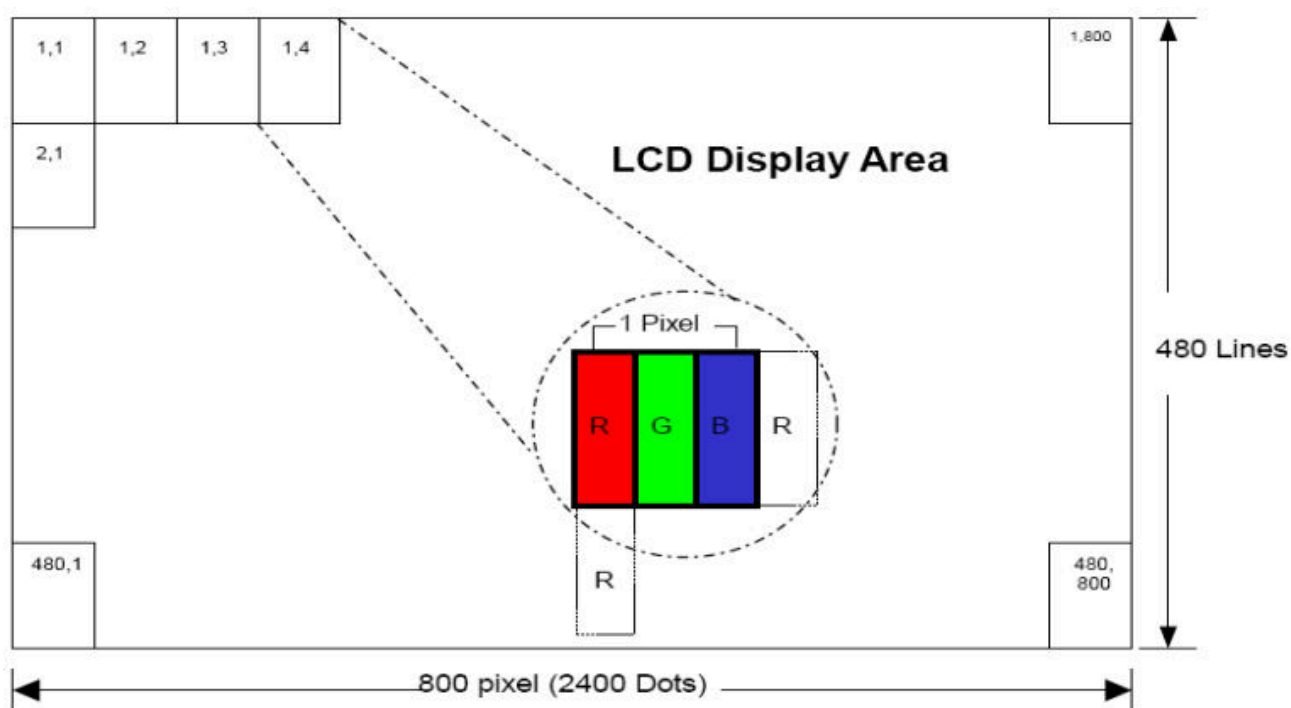
$$\text{Contrast ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Brightness on the "white" state}}{\text{Brightness on the "black" state}}$$

#### Note 5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE 1931)

**Note 6: All input terminals LCD panel must be ground while measuring the center area of the panel**

### 4.0 Block Diagram

#### 4.1 TFT-LCD Module





## 5.0 Interface Pin Connection

### 5.1 TFT LCD Module

FPC Connector is used for the module electronics interface. The recommended model is FH12A-50S-0.5SH manufactured by Hirose.

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
1	V <sub>LED+</sub>	P	Power for LED backlight (Anode)	
2	V <sub>LED+</sub>	P	Power for LED backlight (Anode)	
3	V <sub>LED-</sub>	P	Power for LED backlight (Cathode)	
4	V <sub>LED-</sub>	P	Power for LED backlight (Cathode)	
5	GND	P	Power ground	
6	V <sub>COM</sub>	I	Common voltage	
7	DV <sub>DD</sub>	P	Power for Digital Circuit	
8	MODE	I	DE/SYNC mode select	Note 1
9	DE	I	Data Input Enable	
10	VS	I	Vertical Sync Input	
11	HS	I	Horizontal Sync Input	
12	B7	I	Blue data(MSB)	
13	B6	I	Blue data	
14	B5	I	Blue data	
15	B4	I	Blue data	
16	B3	I	Blue data	
17	B2	I	Blue data	
18	B1	I	Blue data	Note 2
19	B0	I	Blue data(LSB)	Note 2
20	G7	I	Green data(MSB)	
21	G6	I	Green data	
22	G5	I	Green data	
23	G4	I	Green data	
24	G3	I	Green data	
25	G2	I	Green data	

26	G1	I	Green data	Note 2
27	G0	I	Green data(LSB)	Note 2
28	R7	I	Red data(MSB)	
29	R6	I	Red data	
30	R5	I	Red data	
31	R4	I	Red data	
32	R3	I	Red data	
33	R2	I	Red data	
34	R1	I	Red data	Note 2
35	R0	I	Red data(LSB)	Note 2
36	GND	P	Power Ground	
37	DCLK	I	Sample clock	Note 3
38	GND	P	Power Ground	
39	L/R	I	Left / right selection	Note 4,5
40	U/D	I	Up/down selection	Note 4,5
41	V <sub>GH</sub>	P	Gate ON Voltage	
42	V <sub>GL</sub>	P	Gate OFF Voltage	
43	AV <sub>DD</sub>	P	Power for Analog Circuit	
44	RESET	I	Global reset pin.	Note 6
45	NC	-	No connection	
46	V <sub>COM</sub>	I	Common Voltage	
47	DITHB	I	Dithering function	Note 7
48	GND	P	Power Ground	
49	NC	-	No connection	
50	NC	-	No connection	

I: input, O: output, P: Power

Note 1: DE/SYNC mode select. Normally pull high.

When select DE mode, MODE="1", VS and HS must pull high.

When select SYNC mode, MODE= "0", DE must be grounded.

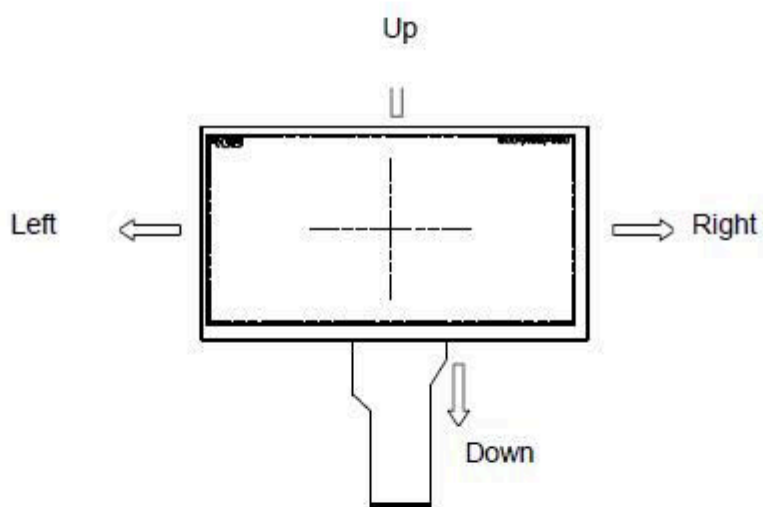
Note 2: When input 18 bits RGB data, the two low bits of R,G and B data must be grounded.

Note 3: Data shall be latched at the falling edge of DCLK.

#### Note 4: Selection of scanning mode

Setting of scan control input		Scanning direction
U/D	L/R	
GND	DV <sub>DD</sub>	Up to down, left to right
DV <sub>DD</sub>	GND	Down to up, right to left
GND	GND	Up to down, right to left
DV <sub>DD</sub>	DV <sub>DD</sub>	Down to up, left to right

#### Note 5: Definition of scanning direction. Refer to the figure as below:



Note 6: Global reset pin. Active low to enter reset state. Suggest to connect with an RC reset circuit for stability. Normally pull high.

Note 7: Dithering function enable control, normally pull high.  
When DITHB="1", Disable internal dithering function,  
When DITHB="0", Enable internal dithering function,

Note 8: Reserve for LED power input.

## 6. Electrical Characteristics

### 6.1 TFT LCD Module

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Supply Voltage	DV <sub>DD</sub>	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	Note2
	V <sub>GH</sub>	14.5	15	15.5	V	
	V <sub>GL</sub>	-10.5	-10	-9.5	V	
	AV <sub>DD</sub>	10.2	10.4	10.6	V	
	V <sub>com</sub>	3.45	(3.55)	3.65	V	Note4
Input logic high	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 DV <sub>DD</sub>	/	DV <sub>DD</sub>	V	Note3
Input logic low	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	/	0.3 DV <sub>DD</sub>	V	

The brightness of LCD panel could be changed by adjusting the AC component of VCOM.

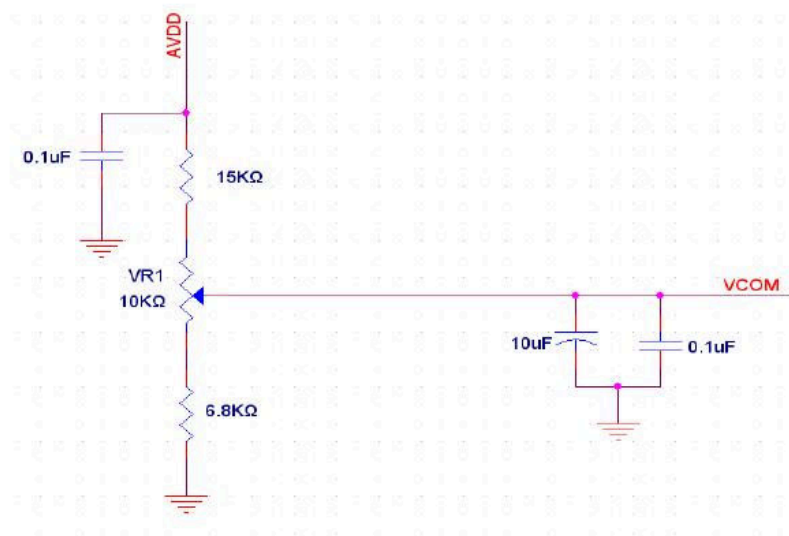
VCOM按实际效果确认

Note 1: Be sure to apply DV<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>GL</sub> to the LCD first, and then apply V<sub>GH</sub>.

Note 2: DV<sub>DD</sub> setting should match the signals output voltage (refer to Note 3) of customer's system board.

Note 3: DCLK,HS,VS,RESET,U/D, L/R,DE,R0~R7,G0~G7,B0~B7,MODE,DITHB.

Note 4: Typical V<sub>COM</sub> is only a reference value. It must be optimized according to each LCM. Please use VR and base on below application circuit.



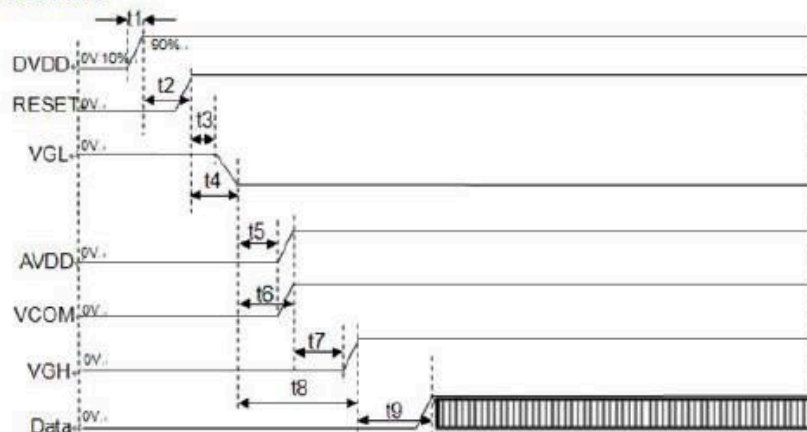
### 6.2 TFT-LCD Current Consum

Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Current for Driver	I <sub>GH</sub>	0.05	0.2	1.0	mA	V <sub>GH</sub> = 15.0V
	I <sub>GL</sub>	0.2	0.5	1.0	mA	V <sub>GL</sub> = -10.0V
	IDV <sub>DD</sub>	1	4.0	10	mA	DV <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V
	IAV <sub>DD</sub>	5	20	50	mA	AV <sub>DD</sub> = 10.4V



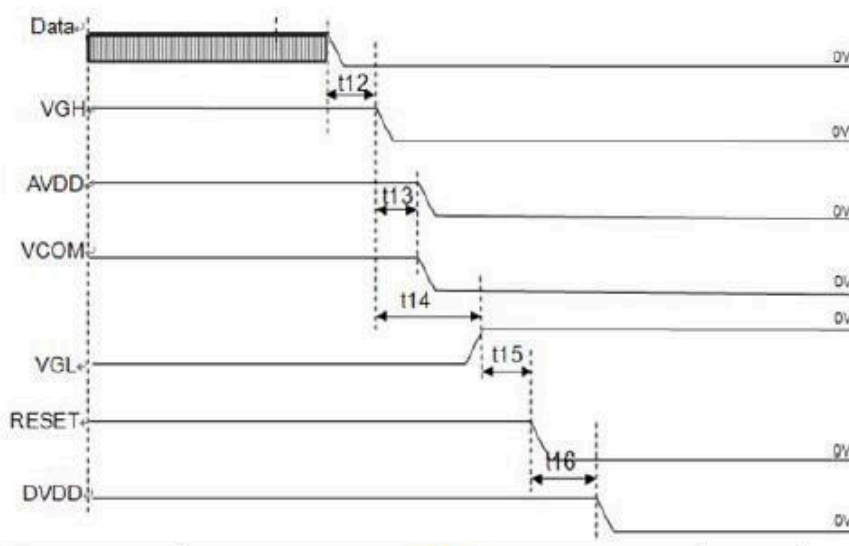
## 6.3 Power Sequence

### a. Power on:



Symbol	SPEC			Unit
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t1	0.5	5	20	ms
t2	1	1	1.5	ms
t3	10	15	20	ms
t4	20	22	24	ms
t5	1	2	3	ms
t6	5	6	7	ms
t7	1.5	2	4	ms
t8	10	12	15	ms
t9	10	15	20	ms

### b. Power off:



Symbol	SPEC			Unit
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t12	10	15	20	ms
t13	5	6	7	ms
t14	10	12	15	ms
t15	20	22	24	ms
t16	1	1.5	3	ms

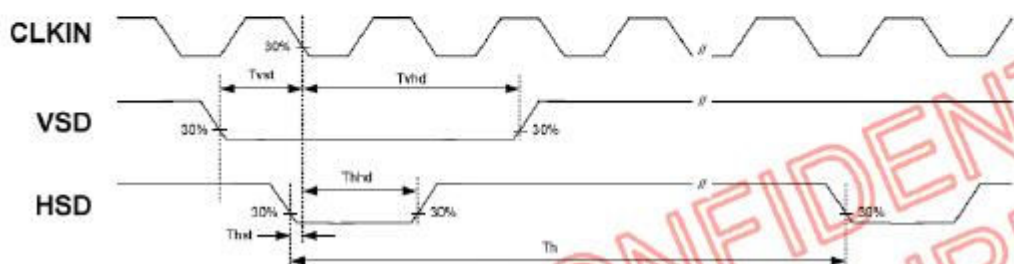
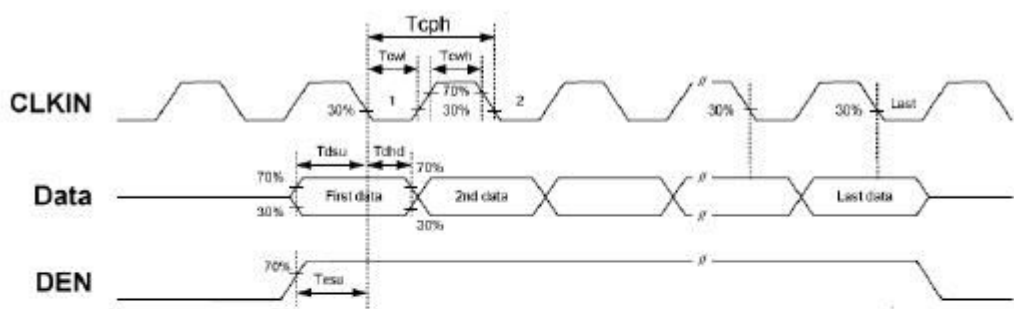
## 6.4 Timing Characteristics

### 6.4.1 AC Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
HS setup time	$T_{hst}$	8	10	20	ns	
HS hold time	$T_{hhd}$	8	120	800	ns	
VS setup time	$T_{vst}$	8	10	20	ns	
VS hold time	$T_{vhd}$	8	96000	640000	ns	
Data setup time	$T_{dsu}$	8	10	20	ns	
Data hole time	$T_{dhd}$	8	15	20	ns	

DE setup time	$T_{esu}$	8	15	20	ns	
DE hole time	$T_{ehd}$	8	15	20	ns	
DV <sub>DD</sub> Power On Slew rate	$T_{POR}$	1	10	20	ms	From 0 to 90% DV <sub>DD</sub>
RESET pulse width	$T_{Rst}$	1	2	5	ms	
DCLK cycle time	$T_{coh}$	20	30	40	ns	
DCLK pulse duty	$T_{cwh}$	40	50	60	%	

### 6.4.2 Input Clock and Data Timing Diagram



### 6.4.3 Timing

Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Horizontal Display Area	thd	/	800	/	DCLK	
DCLK Frequency	fclk	26.4	33.3	46.8	MHz	
One Horizontal Line	th	862	1056	1200	DCLK	
HS pulse width	thpw	1	6	40	DCLK	Note1
HS Blanking	thb	46	46	46	DCLK	Note1

HS Front Porch	thfp	16	210	354	DCLK	
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Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Vertical Display Area	tvd	/	480	/	TH	
VS period time	tv	510	525	650	TH	
VS pulse width	tvpw	1	3	20	TH	Note2
VS Blanking	tvb	23	23	23	TH	Note2
VS Front Porch	tvfp	7	22	147	TH	

Note1: HS Blanking has included HS pulse width

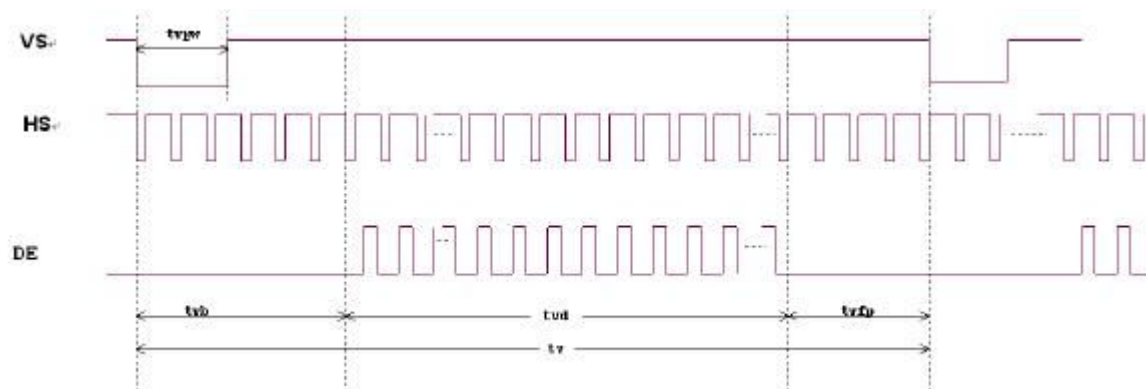
Note2: VS Blanking has included VS pulse width

Note: Frame rate 60±5Hz

### 6.4.4 Data Input Format



Figure 3. 1 Horizontal input timing diagram.





## 7.0 Reliability test items

NO	Item	Conditions	Remark
1	High Temperature Storage	Ta=+70°C 48hrs	Note 1, Note3, Note 4, Note5
2	Low Temperature Storage	Ta=-20°C,48hrs	Note 1, Note3, Note 4, Note5
3	High Temperature Operation	Ta=+60°C,48hrs	Note 1, Note3, Note 4, Note5
4	Low Temperature Operation	Ta=-10°C,48hrs	Note 1, Note3, Note 4, Note5
5	High Temperature and High Humidity (operation)	Ta=+50°C,90%RH,48hrs	Note 1, Note3, Note 4, Note5

Note 1: Ta is the ambient temperature of samples.

Note 2: Ts is the temperature of panel's surface.

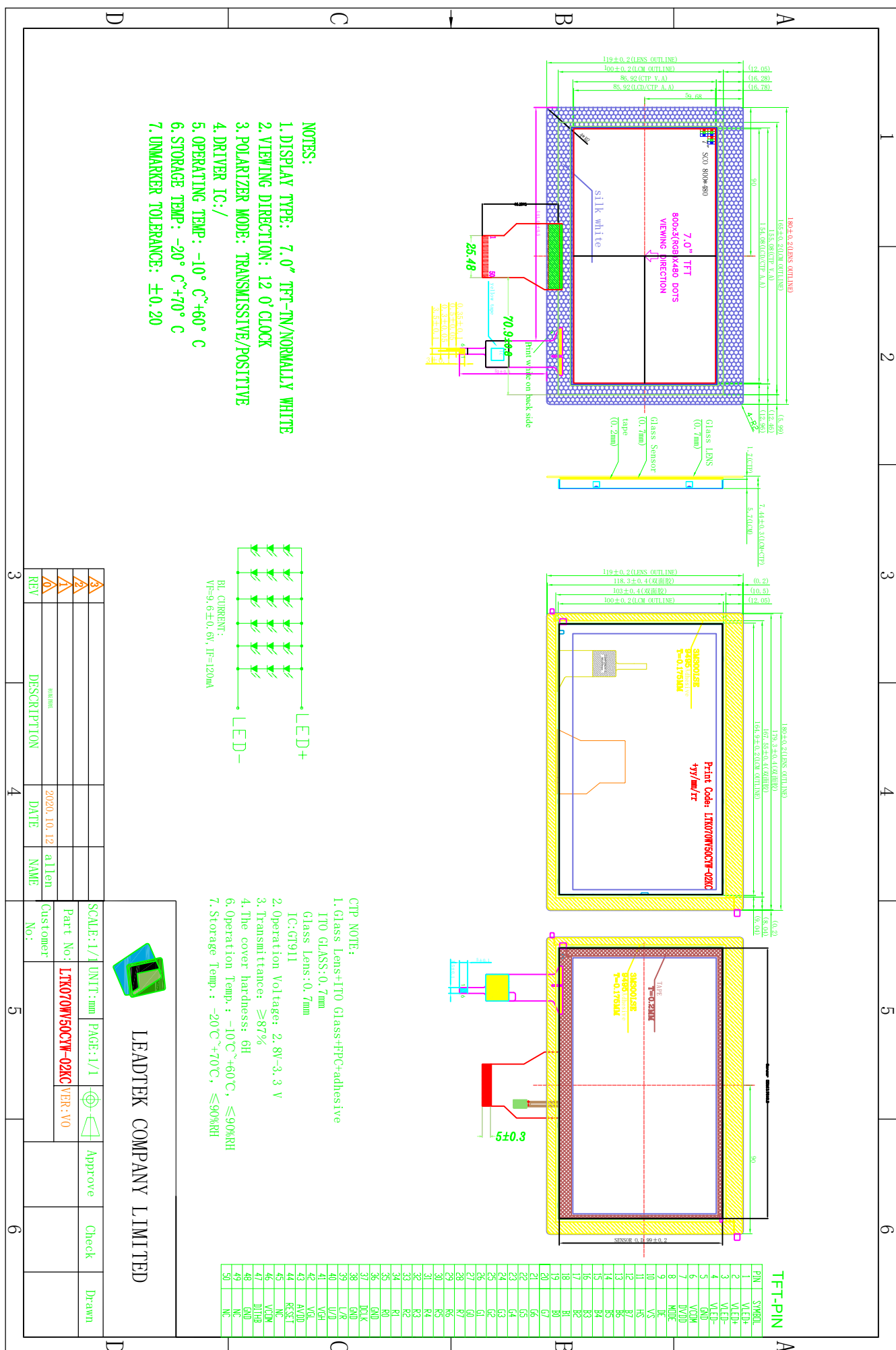
Note 3: In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problem that may affect the display function. After the reliability test, the product only guarantees operation, but don't guarantee all of the cosmetic specification.

Note 4: Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 2 hours at room temperature.

Note 5: A certain level of Mura (non-uniformity) of dark / black image will happen several days after high temperature testing (H.T.T.). There is a slowly part recovery over a long time (several months). Such a long exposure time like in H.T.T. will normally not happen in a real application. Therefore the test H.T.T. was introduced to simulate cycles with normal conditions in-between but with the same total exposure time what show a significant reduced Mura.

The root cause is related to tension generated due to different amount of shrinking in the stack of layers in the polarizer sheet. The effect is more significant on larger displays like this size. An investigation into alternative polarizer material showed that there is no better alternative currently available.

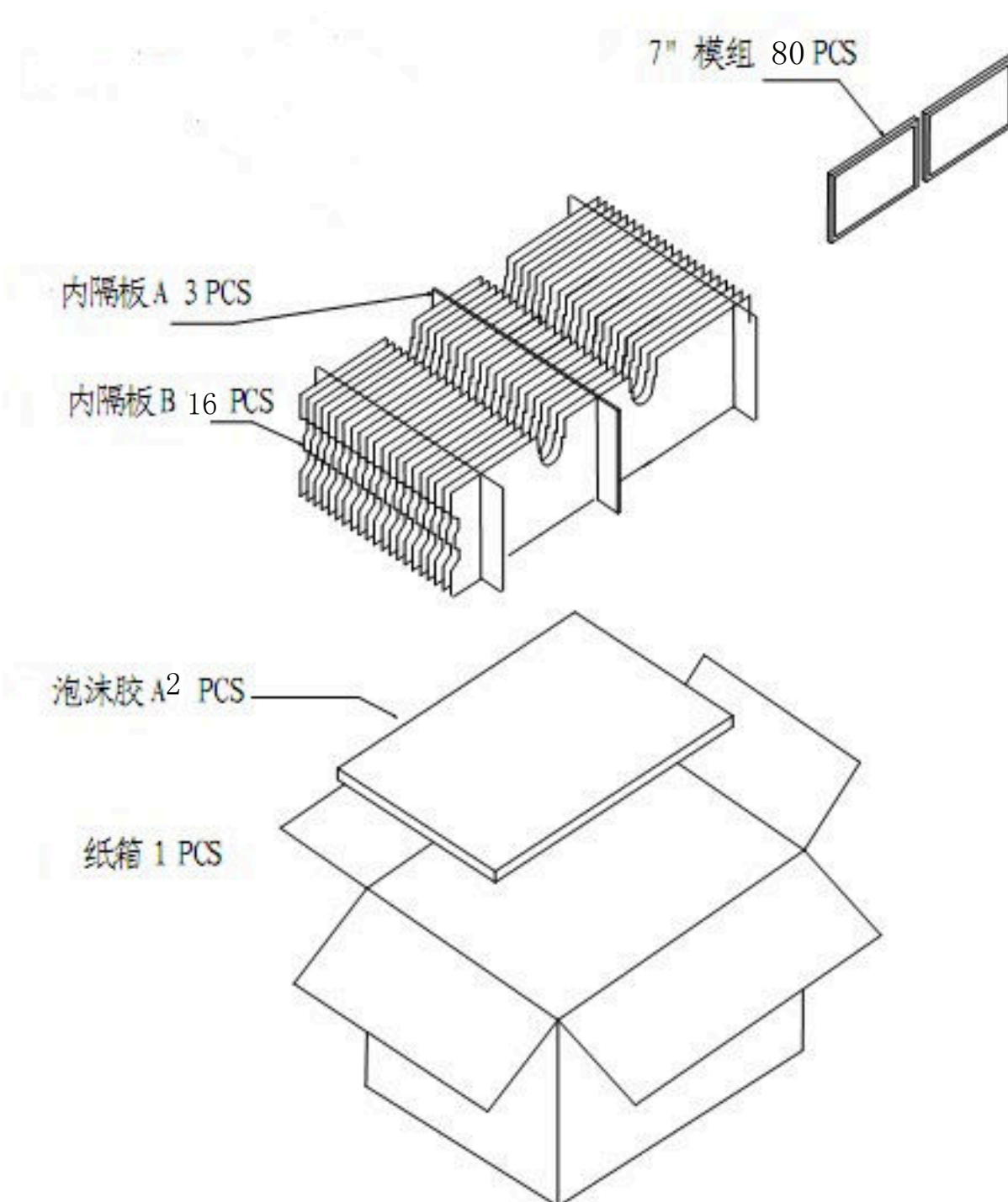
# 8.0 Outline dimension



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## 9.0 Packing form

### 9.1 Packing form 1



## 10.0 General Precaution

### 10.1 Use Restriction

This product is not authorized for use in life supporting systems, aircraft navigation control systems, military systems and any other application where performance failure could be life-threatening or otherwise catastrophic.

### 10.2 Assembly Precaytton

10.2.1 Please use the mounting hole on the module side in installing and do not bending or wrenching LCD in assembling. And please do not drop, bend or twist LCD module in handling.

10.2.2 Please design display housing in accordance with the following guide lines.

10.2.2.1 Housing case must be destined carefully so as not to put stresses on LCD all sides and not to wrench module. The stresses may cause non-uniformity even if there is no non-uniformity statically.

10.2.2.2 Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module back surface and housing when the LCD module is mounted. The clearance in the design is recommended taking into account the tolerance of LCD module thickness and mounting structure height on the housing.

10.2.3 Please do not push or scratch LCD panel surface with any-thing hard. And do not soil LCD panel surface by touching with bare hands. ( Polarizer film, surface of LCD panel is easy to be flawed.)

10.2.4 Please do not press any parts on the rear side such as source IC, gate IC, and FPC during handling LCD module. If pressing rear part is unavoidable, handle the LCD module with care not to damage them.

10.2.5 Please wipe out LCD panel surface with absorbent cotton or soft cloth in case of it being soiled.

10.2.6 Please wipe out drops of adhesives like saliva and water on LCD panel surface immediately. They might damage to cause panel surface variation and color change.

10.2.7 Please do not take a LCD module to pieces and reconstruct it. Resolving and reconstructing modules may cause them not to work well.

### 10.3 Disassembling or Modification

Do not disassemble or modify the module. It may damage sensitive parts inside LCD module, and may cause scratches or dust on the display. HannStar does not warrant the module, if customers disassemble or modify the module.

### 10.4 Breakage of LCD Panel

10.4.1 If LCD panel is broken and liquid crystal spills out, do not ingest or inhale liquid crystal, and do not contact liquid crystal with skin.

10.4.2 If liquid crystal contacts mouth or eyes, rinse out with water immediately.

10.4.3 If liquid crystal contacts skin or cloths, wash it off immediately with alcohol and rinse thoroughly with water.

10.4.4 Handle carefully with chips of glass that may cause injury, when the glass is broken.

## 10.5 Absolute Maximum Ratings and Power Protection Circuit

10.5.1 Do not exceed the absolute maximum rating values, such as the supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in parts' parameters, environmental temperature, etc., otherwise LCD module may be damaged.

10.5.2 Please do not leave LCD module in the environment of high humidity and high temperature for a long time.

10.5.3 It's recommended employing protection circuit for power supply.

## 10.6 Operation

10.6.1 Do not touch, push or rub the polarizer with anything harder than HB pencil lead. Use fingerstalls of soft gloves in order to keep clean display quality, when persons handle the LCD module for incoming inspection or assembly.

10.6.2 When the surface is dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft material.

10.6.3 Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. If saliva or water drops contact with polarizer for a long time, they may causes deformation or color fading.

10.6.4 When cleaning the adhesives, please use absorbent cotton wetted with a little petroleum benzine or other adequate solvent.

## 10.7 Static Electricity

10.7.1 Protection film must remove very slowly from the surface of LCD module to prevent from electrostatic occurrence.

10.7.2 Because LCD module uses CMOS-IC on TFT-LCD panel, it is very weak to electrostatic discharge. Please be careful with electrostatic discharge.

10.7.3 Persons who handle the module should be grounded through adequate methods.

## 10.8 Disposal

When disposing LCD module, obey the local environmental regulations.

## 10.9 OTHERS

10.9.1 A strong incident light into LCD panel might cause display characteristics' changing inferior because of polarizer film, color filter, and other materials becoming inferior.

Please do not expose LCD module direct sunlight land strong UV rays.

10.9.2 Please pay attention to a panel side of LCD module not to contact with other materials in preserving it alone.

10.9.3 For the packaging box, please pay attention to the followings:

10.9.3.1 Packaging box and inner case for LCD are designed to protect the LCDs from the damage or scratching during transportation. Please do not open except picking LCDs up from the box.

10.9.3.2 Please do not pile them up more than 6 boxes. (They are not designed so.) And please do not turn over.

10.9.3.3 Please handle packaging box with care not to give them sudden shock and vibrations. And also please do not throw them up.

10.9.3.4 Packing box and inner case for LCDs are made of cardboard. So please pay attention not to get them wet. (Such like keeping them in high humidity or wet place can occur getting them wet.)