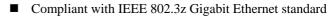


Features



- Compliant with Fiber Channel 100-SM-LC-L standard
- Industry standard 2×5 footprint
- LC duplex connector
- Single power supply 3.3V
- Compatible with solder and aqueous wash processes
- Class 1 laser product complies with EN 60825-1



Ordering Information

| PART NUMBER | WAVELENGTH | INPUT/OUTPUT | SIGNAL DETECT | VOLTAGE | CLIPPER | TEMPERATURE |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|----------------------|----------|---------------------------------|
| LS34-C3U-PC-Bxx | 1270 ~ 1450 nm | DC/DC | LVPECL | 3.3 V | Backward | 0° C to 70° C |
| LS34-C3U-TC-Bxx | 1270 ~ 1450 nm | AC/AC | TTL | 3.3 V | Backward | 0° C to 70° C |
| XX=35, Center W XX=39, Center W | Tavelength=1270nm Tavelength=1310nm Tavelength=1350nm Tavelength=1390nm Tavelength=1430nm | , XX=33, Ce , XX=37, Ce , XX=41, Ce | nter Wavelength=129 nter Wavelength=133 nter Wavelength=133 nter Wavelength=144 nter Wavelength=144 | 30nm 70nm 10nm | | |

Page 1 of 11 Version 1.0 Date:12/21/2005 Headquarters:

7 San-Min Road, Hsinchu Industrial Park Hukow, Hsinchu Heisn, Taiwan 303



Absolute Maximum Ratings

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | MAX | UNITS | NOTE |
|-----------------------|------------|------|-----|-------|---------------------|
| Storage Temperature | T_S | -40 | 85 | °C | |
| Supply Voltage | Vcc | -0.5 | 4.0 | V | |
| Input Voltage | $V_{I\!N}$ | -0.5 | Vcc | V | |
| Output Current | I_o | | 50 | mA | |
| Operating Current | I_{OP} | | 400 | mA | |
| Soldering Temperature | T_{SOLD} | | 260 | °C | 10 seconds on leads |

Operating Environment

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | MAX | UNITS | NOTE |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-----|-----|-------|------|
| Case Operating Temperature | T_C | 0 | 70 | °C | |
| Supply Voltage | Vcc | 3.1 | 3.5 | V | |
| Supply Current | $I_{TX} + I_{RX}$ | | 300 | mA | |

Page 2 of 11 Version 1.0

Date:12/21/2005

Headquarters:

7 San-Min Road, Hsinchu Industrial Park Hukow, Hsinchu Heisn, Taiwan 303



Transmitter Electro-optical Characteristics

 $(Vcc = 3.1 \text{ V to } 3.5 \text{ V}, T_{\text{C}} = 0 \,^{\circ}\text{C to } 70 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | TYP. | MAX | UNITS | NOTE |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|------|-------|-------|----------|
| Output Optical Power | Pout | 0 | | .5 | dD.m. | Arramaga |
| $9/125 \mu \text{m}$ fiber | Рош | U | | +5 | dBm | Average |
| Extinction Ratio | ER | 7 | | | dB | |
| Center Wavelength | λ_C | X-5.5 | X+1 | X+7.5 | nm | |
| Spectral Width (-20dB) | $\Delta \lambda$ | | | 1 | nm | |
| Side Mode Suppression Ratio | SMSR | 30 | | | dB | |
| Rise/Fall Time (20–80%) | $T_{r, f}$ | | | 260 | ps | |
| Total Jitter | TJ | | | 227 | ps | |
| Output Eye | | Compliant with IEEE802.3z | | | | |
| Disable input voltage- High | $T_{dis	ext{-}H}$ | 2.2 | | | V | |
| Disable input voltage- Low | T_{dis-L} | | | 0.6 | V | |
| Transmitter Data Input Voltage-High | V_{IH} $-V_{CC}$ | -1.1 | | -0.74 | V | Note 1 |
| Transmitter Data Input Voltage-Low | V_{IL} $-V_{CC}$ | -2.0 | | -1.58 | V | Note 1 |
| Transmitter Data Input Differential Voltage | V_{DIFF} | 0.3 | | 2.0 | V | Note 1 |

Note 1: These inputs are compatible with 10K, 10KH and 100K ECL and PECL input.

Page 3 of 11 Version 1.0 Date:12/21/2005 Headquarters:

7 San-Min Road, Hsinchu Industrial Park Hukow, Hsinchu Heisn, Taiwan 303



Receiver electro-optical characteristics

 $(Vcc = 3.1 \text{ V to } 3.5 \text{ V}, T_C = 0 \,^{\circ}\text{C to } 70 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | TYP. | MAX | UNITS | NOTE |
|---|--------------------|------|------|-------|-------|------------------|
| Optical Input Power-maximum | P_{IN} | -1 | | | dBm | $BER < 10^{-12}$ |
| Optical Input Power-minimum (Sensitivity) | P_{IN} | | | -24 | dBm | BER $< 10^{-12}$ |
| Operating Center wavelength | λ_C | 1260 | | 1610 | nm | |
| Optical Return Loss | ORL | 12 | | | dB | |
| Signal Detect-Asserted | P_A | | | -24 | dBm | |
| Signal Detect-Deasserted | P_D | -35 | | | dBm | |
| Signal Detect-Hysteresis | $P_A - P_D$ | 1.0 | | | dB | |
| Signal Detect Voltage (LVPECL) -High | $V_{OH} - V_{CC}$ | -1.1 | | -0.74 | V | |
| Signal Detect Voltage (LVPECL) -Low | $V_{OL} - V_{CC}$ | -2.0 | | -1.58 | V | |
| Signal Detect Voltage (TTL)-High | V_{OH} | 2.4 | | Vcc | V | |
| Signal Detect Voltage (TTL)-Low | V_{OL} | 0 | | 0.5 | V | |
| Data Output Rise, Fall Time (20–80%) | $T_{r,f}$ | | | 0.35 | ns | |
| Data Output Voltage-High (DC output) | V_{IH} $-V_{CC}$ | -1.1 | | -0.74 | V | Note 1 |
| Data Output Voltage-Low (DC output) | V_{IL} $-V_{CC}$ | -2.0 | | -1.58 | V | Note 1 |
| Data Output Differential Voltage | V_{DIFF} | 0.3 | | 1.8 | V | |

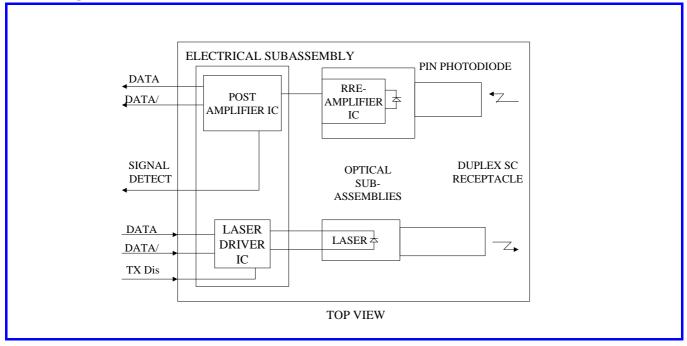
Note 1: These inputs are compatible with 10K, 10KH and 100K ECL and PECL input.

Page 4 of 11 Version 1.0 Date:12/21/2005 Headquarters:

7 San-Min Road, Hsinchu Industrial Park Hukow, Hsinchu Heisn, Taiwan 303



Block Diagram of Transceiver



Transmitter Section

The transmitter section consists of a 1310 nm InGaAsP laser in an eye safe optical subassembly (OSA) which mates to the fiber cable. The laser OSA is driven by a LD driver IC which converts differential input LVPECL logic signals into an analog laser driving current.

Transmitter Disable

Transmitter Disable is a TTL control pin. To disable the module, connect this pin to +3.3 V TTL logic high "1". While, to enable module connect to TTL logic low "0".

Receiver Section

The receiver utilizes an InGaAs PIN photodiode mounted together with a trans-impedance preamplifier IC in an OSA. This OSA is connected to a circuit providing post-amplification quantization, and optical signal detection.

Receiver Signal Detect

Signal Detect is a basic fiber failure indicator. This is a single-ended LVPECL or TTL output. As the input optical power is decreased, Signal Detect will switch from high to low (deassert point) somewhere between sensitivity and the no light input level. As the input optical power is increased from very low levels, Signal Detect will switch back from low to high (assert point). The assert level will be at least 1.0 dB higher than the deassert level.

Page 5 of 11 Version 1.0

Date:12/21/2005

Headquarters:

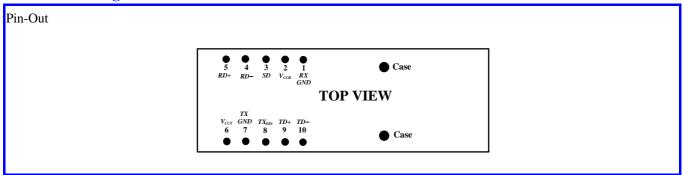
7 San-Min Road, Hsinchu Industrial Park Hukow, Hsinchu Heisn, Taiwan 303

FAX: +886-3-5986655 Website: www.apacoe.com.tw

TEL: +886-3-5986799



Connection Diagram



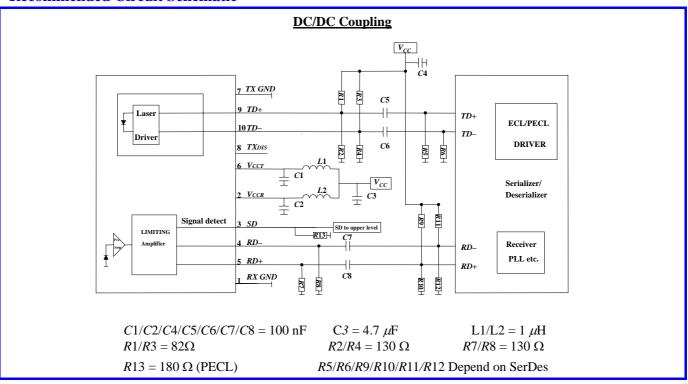
| PIN | SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|------------|---|
| 1 | RX GND | Receiver Signal Ground. Directly connect this pin to the receiver ground plane. |
| 2 | V_{CCR} | Receiver Power Supply Provide $+3.3$ Vdc via the recommended receiver power supply filter circuit. Locate the power supply filter circuit as close as possible to the V_{CCR} pin. |
| 3 | SD | Signal Detect. Normal optical input levels to the receiver result in a logic "1" output, V_{OH} , asserted. Low input optical levels to the receiver result in a fault condition indicated by a logic "0" output V_{OL} , deasserted Signal Detect is a single-ended LVPECL or TTL output. SD can be terminated with LVPECL techniques via 50 Ω to V_{CCR} – 2 V. Alternatively, SD can be loaded with a 180 Ω resistor to RX GND to conserve electrical power with small compromise to signal quality. If Signal Detect output is not used, leave it open-circuited. This Signal Detect output can be used to drive a LVPECL input on an upstream circuit, such as, Signal Detect input or Loss of Signal-bar. |
| 4 | RD- | Receiver Data Output-Bar Internally ac coupled (100nF). Terminate this differential data output with a 50Ω line and a 50Ω load at the follow-on device (See recommended circuit schematic) |
| 5 | RD+ | Receiver Data Output Internally ac coupled (100nF). Terminate this differential data output with a 50Ω line and a 50Ω load at the follow-on device (See recommended circuit schematic) |
| 6 | V_{CCT} | Transmitter Power Supply. Provide +3.3 Vdc via the recommended transmitter power supply filter circuit. Locate the power supply filter circuit as close as possible to the V_{CCT} pin. |
| 7 | TX GND | Transmitter Signal Ground. Directly connect this pin to the transmitter signal ground plane. Directly connect this pin to the transmitter ground plane. |
| 8 | TX_{DIS} | Transmitter Disable. Connect this pin to +3.3V TTL logic high "1" to disable transmitter. To enable module connect to TTL logic low "0" |
| 9 | TD+ | Transmitter Data In. Requires an ac coupled input. The input stage is internally biased and 50Ω terminated. (See recommended circuit schematic) |
| 10 | TD- | Transmitter Data In-Bar. Requires an ac coupled input. The input stage is internally biased and 50Ω terminated. (See recommended circuit schematic) |

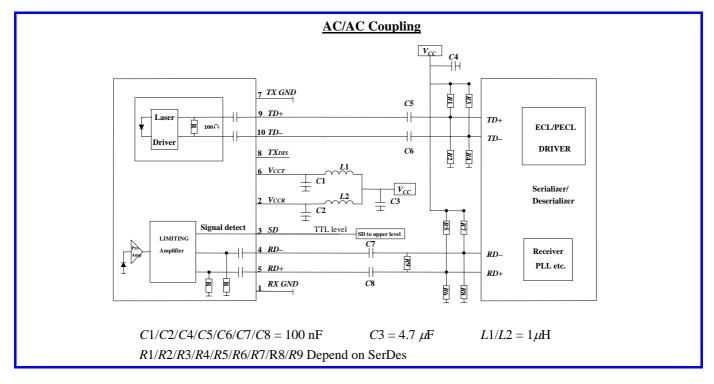
Page 6 of 11 Version 1.0 Date:12/21/2005 Headquarters:

7 San-Min Road, Hsinchu Industrial Park Hukow, Hsinchu Heisn, Taiwan 303



Recommended Circuit Schematic





Page 7 of 11 Version 1.0

Date:12/21/2005

Headquarters:

7 San-Min Road, Hsinchu Industrial Park Hukow, Hsinchu Heisn, Taiwan 303



In order to get proper functionality, a recommended circuit is provided in above recommended circuit schematic. When designing the circuit interface, there are a few fundamental guidelines to follow.

- (1) The differential data lines should be treated as 50 Ω Micro strip or strip line transmission lines. This will help to minimize the parasitic inductance and capacitance effects. Locate termination at the received signal end of the transmission line. The length of these lines should be kept short and of equal length.
- (2) For the high speed signal lines, differential signals should be used, not single-ended signals, and these differential signals need to be loaded symmetrically to prevent unbalanced currents which will cause distortion in the signal.
- (3) Multi layer plane PCB is best for distribution of V_{CC} , returning ground currents, forming transmission lines and shielding, Also, it is important to suppress noise from influencing the fiber-optic transceiver performance, especially the receiver circuit.
- (4) A separate proper power supply filter circuits shown in Figure for the transmitter and receiver sections. These filter circuits suppress Vcc noise over a broad frequency range, this prevents receiver sensitivity degradation due to V_{CC} noise.
- (5) Surface-mount components are recommended. Use ceramic bypass capacitors for the 0.1 μ F capacitors and a surface-mount coil inductor for 1 µH inductor. Ferrite beads can be used to replace the coil inductors when using quieter V_{CC} supplies, but a coil inductor is recommended over a ferrite bead. All power supply components need to be placed physically next to the V_{CC} pins of the receiver and transmitter.
- (6) Use a good, uniform ground plane with a minimum number of holes to provide a low-inductance ground current return for the power supply currents.

Page 8 of 11 Version 1.0

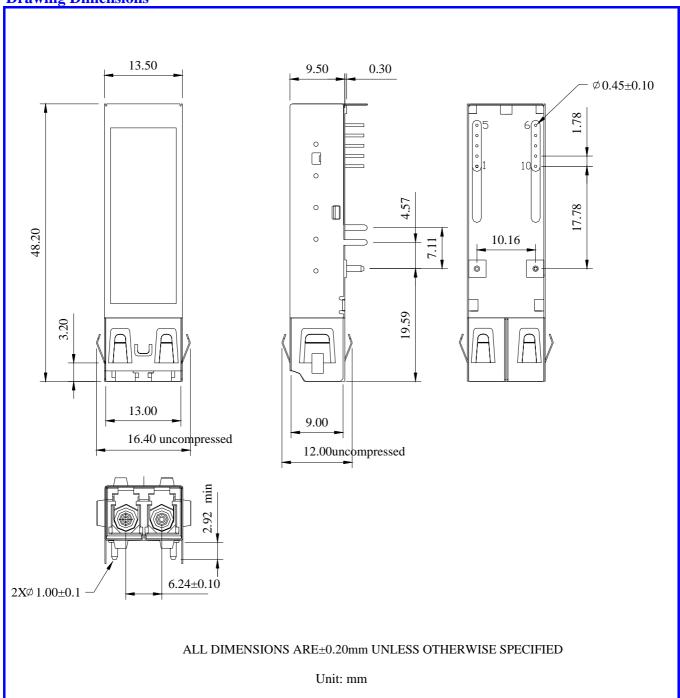
Date:12/21/2005

Headquarters:

7 San-Min Road, Hsinchu Industrial Park Hukow, Hsinchu Heisn, Taiwan 303



Drawing Dimensions

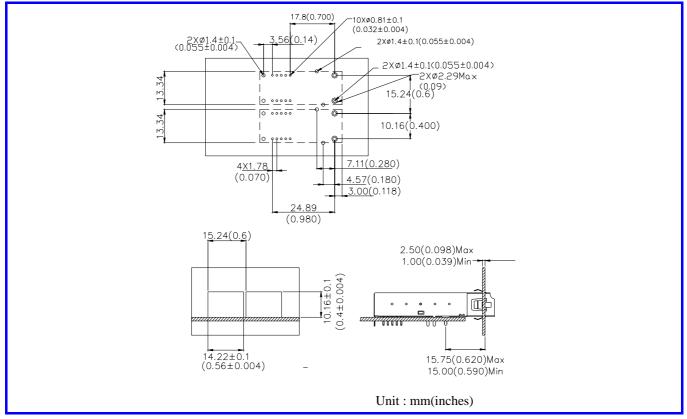


Page 9 of 11 Version 1.0 Date:12/21/2005 Headquarters:

7 San-Min Road, Hsinchu Industrial Park Hukow, Hsinchu Heisn, Taiwan 303



Recommended Board Layout Hole Pattern



This transceiver is compatible with industry standard wave or hand solder processes. After wash process, all moisture must be completely remove from the module. The transceiver is supplied with a process plug to prevent contamination during wave solder and aqueous rinse as well as during handling, shipping or storage.

Solder fluxes should be water-soluble, organic solder fluxes. Recommended cleaning and degreasing chemicals for these transceivers are alcohol's (methyl, isopropyl, isobutyl), aliphatics (hexane, heptane) and other chemicals, such as soap solution or naphtha. Do not use partially halogenated hydrocarbons for cleaning/degreasing.

Page 10 of 11 Version 1.0

Date:12/21/2005

Headquarters:

7 San-Min Road, Hsinchu Industrial Park Hukow, Hsinchu Heisn, Taiwan 303



Eye Safety Mark

The LS3 series Single-mode transceiver is a class 1 laser product. It complies with EN 60825-1 and FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11. In order to meet laser safety requirements the transceiver shall be operated within the Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Caution

All adjustments have been done at the factory before the shipment of the devices. No maintenance and user serviceable part is required. Tampering with and modifying the performance of the device will result in voided product warranty.

Required Mark

Class 1 Laser Product Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11

Note: All information contained in this document is subject to change without notice.

Page 11 of 11 Version 1.0

Date:12/21/2005

Headquarters:

7 San-Min Road, Hsinchu Industrial Park Hukow, Hsinchu Heisn, Taiwan 303